Writing at Home

Year 5

more effective.

Who are you

writing to?

How do you

want to make

vour reader feel?

Improvem

Audience and Purpose

Encourage your child to think

about **who** they are writing for

help them to make their writing

and **why** they are writing. This will

What are you

writing for?



Talk, talk, talk!

Talking with your child is one of the most powerful activities you can do. Use a wide range of **vocabulary** and try to use new words they have discovered when reading. Enter into discussions or debates with your child about issues they care about and talk through ideas they have for their writing. All of this talk will help them develop vocabulary and refine their ideas for writing.

Copycats!

Challenge your child to **mimic the style of an author** they like. Talk about what's special about their chosen author's style of writing. Are they funny, do they use old-fashioned language or are they great at creating suspense?

Linking ideas together

				1
I.	Me	My	Mine	
You	You	Your	Yours	
He	Him	His	His	
She	Her	Her	Hers	
It	lt	lts	lts	
We	Us	Our	Ours	
They	Them	Their	Theirs	

The most effective writing has **cohesion**. Encourage your child to make their writing more interesting and avoid repetition by using a variety of pronouns (left) in their

work. You could also encourage them to use more precise nouns; instead of 'dog', use 'poodle' or 'rottweiler' to avoid repetition.

Handwriting

In Year 5, your child will continue to develop fluent, joined-up writing.

Sit at a desk

Put both feet on the floor

Left hand paper position

Right hand paper position

Check and progress!

A great way to help your child to improve their writing is to encourage them to read aloud what they have written. Can they spot any missed punctuation? Can they spot any spelling errors? Can they add in extra detail? Could they change a word or two to make their writing even more effective?



abcdefg mno UNWXY

How can you motivate your child to write?

Make sure your child knows their work doesn't have to be perfect first time. They can go back and make improvements later.

Share your own writing. Let your child see you writing. Whether it be a postcard to a family member, a journal entry or text messages, let your child know you're using your writing skills for real purpose.

Encourage your child to write about their interests and hobbies. Let them use a computer if they'd prefer to type and they engage more in their writing.

Writing checklist:

Is your child using capital letters, full stops, dashes, commas and question and exclamation marks in the right places? Is your child using a range of nouns and pronouns to avoid confusion? ©School Improvement Liverpool 2020

Can your child use expanded noun phrases, parentethsis and relative clauses to add more information?

Can your child read aloud, with expression, what they have written? Can they edit their work to make improvements? Can your child use speech marks "" to show when someone is speaking?

(Direct Speech)

Can your child spell these tricky words?

accident, accidentally, actual, actually, address, answer, appear, arrive, believe, bicycle, breath, breathe, build, busy, business, calendar, caught, centre, century, certain, circle, complete, consider, continue, decide, describe, different, difficult, disappear, early, earth, eight, eighth, enough, exercise, experience, experiment, extreme, famous, favourite, February, forward, forwards, fruit, grammar, group, guard, guide, heard, heart, height, history, imagine, increase, important, interest, island, knowledge, learn, length, library, material, medicine, mention, minute, natural, naughty, notice, occasion, occasionally, often, opposite, ordinary, particular, peculiar, perhaps, popular, position, possess, possession, possible, potatoes, pressure, probably, promise, purpose, quarter, question, recent, regular, reign, remember, sentence, separate, special, straight, strange, strength, suppose, surprise, therefore, though, although, thought, through, various, weight, woman, women

Can your child tell you what these words are/mean?

determiner	a word that determines the noun, e.g. a, the, every, my, your, this, those, one, first, a few			
pronoun	takes the place of a noun in a sentence, e.g. him, her, their, it, he, she, they			
possessive pronoun a pronoun that shows who something belongs to. e.g. my, your, yours, his, hers, its				
adverbial a word or phrase used, like an adverb, to give further details.				
modal verb words like: can/could, may/might, will/would, shall/should and must				
relative pronou	whom, what, which, and that are all relative pronouns			
relative clause	gives extra information about a noun			
https://www.bbc.co.uk/bitesize/topics/zwwp8mn/articles/zsrt4qt				
parenthesis	adding extra information to a sentence using brackets, dashes or commas			
bracket	() used to enclose information to separate it from the rest of the sentence			
dash	insert a break in a sentence www.theschoolrun.com/what-is-a-dash			

Other ways you can make a big difference

Look for opportunities to give your child some real-life reasons to write. You could try out some of these ideas:

- Write a lockdown letter to cheer up a family member, a friend or a neighbour. Post it together. You might even start a pen pal tradition! You could include artwork too if this is something your child enjoys doing.
- Is there an issue your child cares passionately about? Encourage them to write to a local MP or business to see whether they can create change. This kind of writing can make big differences in the community.
- Work together to send a tweet to your child's favourite author. Many authors are now on Twitter and love to engage with their readers. What would your child like to ask their favourite author?
- Your child might like to write the book version of a film or TV programme for younger children to read. If your child has watched something they've really enjoyed, they could try and tell the same story in writing. Watching the story on screen can give them a great starting point to get going with.
- If you've had a recent visit to a park, library or museum that you have enjoyed with your child, help them to add a review on <u>https://www.tripadvisor.co.uk/</u>. Having a real audience who will read their review will often
- Write book reviews for books your child has read. <u>https://www.lovereading4kids.co.uk/</u> is a great website for this.
- Could your child start a blog around their own interest?

motivate children to write.

Important Information

- Spellings go out every week Monday and we complete a spelling quiz each Friday. Look at our website for different spelling strategies to support your child- www.st-finbars.co.uk/spelling-toolkit/
- Cold and Hot tasks At the start of each topic, the children complete a cold task, which is an independent write, using the features they think are used in the genre of writing they will learn about. At the end of the topic, the children will complete a hot task to show what they have learnt throughout the topic.
- Assessments Termly assessments take place to assess the children in spelling, punctuation and grammar skills. The teacher will also use independent pieces of writing to assess your child's writing throughout the year.
- Encourage your child to write for an extended amount of time at home. This could be any style of writing, but it will help with their writing stamina and allow them to explore their creative ideas.



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