

•	West African Call and Response	Brass: Performance:	Brass: Composition Notation:	Dynamics, pitch and texture
me):				Dynamics, pitch and texture
	Song (Theme: Animals):			(Fingal's Cave):
		Lesson 1: To use musical	Lesson 1: To sing with accuracy,	
n 1: To use my voice and hands	Lesson 1: To create short sequences	vocabulary to explain the stylistic	fluency, control, and expression	Lesson 1: To appraise the work of
ke music.	of sound	features		a classical composer (Felix
			-	Mendelssohn).
	Lesson 2: To copy a short rhythm	-	different forms of notation	
usic.		can impact performance.		Lesson 2: To improvise as a
	9			group, using dynamics and pitch.
	from Ghana	-	length	
	A second A. Terrore also also also also also a	structure	A construction of the back	Lesson 3: To improvise as a
	-	Language A. Talawa ata kimina that		group, using texture.
-	call and response	-	notation	Lancar A. Ta was knowledge of
rnythmic patterns.	Lassan F. Ta add dynamica (valuma)	match a melody.	Lagger F. Taylog atolyg notation to	Lesson 4: To use knowledge of
n F. To understand the		Longon F: To about awareness of		dynamics, texture and pitch to
	to a structure of mythins.		write a piece of music	create a group composition.
•		_		Lesson 5: To use teamwork to
		periorin on comets		create a group composition
				featuring changes in texture,
				dynamics and pitch.
o (Theme: Snail and Mouse)	Orchestral Instruments (Theme:	Creating Compositions:	Blues:	Songs of World War 2:
- 1				200.00
n 1: To explore using voices		Lesson 1: To tell a story from a	Lesson 1: To know the key features	Lesson 1: To use musical
odies expressively.	Lesson 1: To listen to and analyse an	piece of music through movement.	of Blues music	vocabulary to identify features of
-	orchestral version of Goldilocks and	-		different eras of music
n 2: To practice a rhyme using	the Three Bears.	Lesson 2: To create a soundscape	Lesson 2: To play the first line of	
nd slow beats on instruments.		using percussion instruments.	the 12-bar Blues	Lesson 2: To improve accuracy in
	Lesson 2: To listen to and analyse a			pitch and control, singing with
n 3: To use voices to perform a	film musical version of a traditional	Lesson 3: To create a range of	Lesson 3: To be able to play the 12-	expression and dynamics
vith a fast and slow beat.	story.	sounds to accompany a theme	bar Blues	
				Lesson 3: To identify pitches
	Lesson 3: To select appropriate	Lesson 4: To compose and perform	Lesson 4: To be able to play the	within an octave when singing
-	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	a rhythm	Blues scale	
and slow beat.	and feelings in a story.			Lesson 4: To use knowledge of
		-	-	pitch to develop confidence
		short melody	with notes from the Blues scale	when singing in parts
	accompany it.			Lesson 5: To be able to notate a
	Lancar F. Tamaréanna and			melody using pitches up to an
				octave
	accompanying music.			
n 2 usin 3 true n 3 true n 4 true n 5 t	2: To clap and play in time to sic. 3: To play simple rhythms on ument. 4: To listen to and repeat ythmic patterns. 5: To understand the ce between pulse and (Theme: Snail and Mouse) 1: To explore using voices lies expressively. 2: To practice a rhyme using slow beats on instruments. 3: To use voices to perform a th a fast and slow beat. 4: To use singing voices and ument to perform a song with	2: To clap and play in time to dic. 2: To clap and play in time to dic. 3: To play simple rhythms on all displays imple rhythms based on call and response Lesson 4: To create rhythms based on call and response Lesson 5: To add dynamics (volume) to a structure of rhythms. Lesson 5: To add dynamics (volume) Lesson 5: To add dynamics (volume) Lesson 5: To add dynamics (volume) Lesson 5: To all displays imple rhythms based on call and response Lesson 5: To add dynamics (volume) Lesson 5: To add dynamics (volume) Lesson 5: To all displays imple rhythms all displays imple rhythms. Lesson 5: To ald dynamics (volume) Lesson 5: To ald dynamics (volume) Lesson 5: To all displays impl	Lesson 2: To clap and play in time to dic. Lesson 3: To learn a traditional song from Ghana Lesson 4: To create rhythms based on call and response Lesson 5: To add dynamics (volume) to a structure of rhythms. Lesson 5: To add dynamics (volume) to a structure of rhythms. Creating Compositions: Traditional Western stories): Lesson 1: To listen to and analyse an orchestral version of Goldilocks and the Three Bears. Lesson 2: To listen to and analyse a film musical version of a traditional story. Lesson 3: To select appropriate sounds to accompany at theme Lesson 4: To create lyrics that match a melody. Lesson 5: To show awareness of style, structure and features to perform on cornets Creating Compositions: Lesson 1: To tell a story from a piece of music through movement. Lesson 2: To create a soundscape using percussion instruments. Lesson 2: To listen to and analyse a film musical version of a traditional story. Lesson 3: To select appropriate sounds to accompany a theme Lesson 4: To compose and notate a short melody Lesson 5: To compose and notate a short melody	2: To clap and play in time to iic. Lesson 3: To learn a traditional song from Ghana Lesson 3: To learn a traditional song from Ghana Lesson 4: To create rhythms based on call and response tythmic patterns. Lesson 5: To add dynamics (volume) to a structure of rhythms. Creating Compositions: Traditional Western stories): Lesson 1: To listen to and analyse an orchestral version of Goldilocks and the Three Bears. Lesson 7: To listen to and analyse a film musical structure Lesson 5: To show awareness of style, structure and features to perform a cornests Creating Compositions: Lesson 7: To let la story from a piece of music through movement. Lesson 2: To keplore using voices lies expressively. Lesson 7: To listen to and analyse an orchestral version of Goldilocks and the Three Bears. Lesson 2: To splore using voices and solve voices to perform a story beat on instruments. Lesson 2: To explore how actions can impact performance. Lesson 4: To create lyrics that match a melody. Lesson 5: To show awareness of style, structure and features to perform a piece of music through movement. Lesson 7: To listen to and analyse an orchestral version of Goldilocks and the Three Bears. Lesson 7: To tetal a story from a piece of music through movement. Lesson 2: To reate a soundscape using percussion instruments. Lesson 2: To reate a soundscape using percussion instruments. Lesson 2: To reate a soundscape using percussion instruments. Lesson 3: To create a range of sounds to accompany a theme bounds to match events, characters and feelings in a story. Lesson 5: To compose and notate a short melody Lesson 5: To be able to play the Blues scale Lesson 5: To be able to improvise with notes from the Blues scale Lesson 5: To perform a story script of Jack and the Beanstalk with

Lesson 4: To learn about traditional Christmas music To take part in a group song involving singing, voice sounds and playing instruments To sing and move to a Christmas song Lesson 5: To suggest appropriate actions to match song lyrics To sing and move to Christmas songs Music and Movement: Lesson 1: To understand why songs have actions To learn some simple Makaton signs to accompany a song Lesson 2: To explore beat through body movement To express feelings and emotions through movement to music Lesson 3: To explore beat through body movement To express feelings and emotions through movement to music Lesson 4: To explore pitch and tempo through scarf dancing and body movement To express feelings and emotions through movement to music	Musical Vocabulary (Theme: Under the Sea) Lesson 1: To learn the musical vocabulary: pulse and tempo. Lesson 2: To explain what dynamics and timbre are. Lesson 3: To explain what pitch and rhythm are. Lesson 4: To explain what texture and structure are. Lesson 5: To understand key musical vocabulary: dynamics, pitch, pulse, rhythm, structure, tempo, texture, timbre.	Musical Me: Lesson 1: To sing and play an instrument at the same time. Lesson 2: To choose and play appropriate dynamics and timbres for a piece of music. Lesson 3: To use musical notation to play melodies. Lesson 4: To use letter notation to write my own melody. Lesson 5: To use timbre and dynamics in musical composition.	Developing Singing Technique: Lesson 1: To sing in time with others. Lesson 2: To sing in time with others. Lesson 3: To recognise simple rhythmic notation by ear and by sight. Lesson 4: To use simple rhythmic notation to compose a song. Lesson 5: To perform music with confidence and discipline.	Performance: Lesson 1: To sing a song unaccompanied Lesson 2: To play a chord progression Lesson 3: To use vocals to perform a piece of music as an ensemble Lesson 4: To play call and response rhythms using instruments Lesson 5: To create an eight beat break to play within a performance	Film Music: Lesson 1: To appraise different musical features in a variety of film contexts Lesson 2: To identify and understand some composing techniques in film music Lesson 3: To use graphic scores to interpret different emotions in film music Lesson 4: To create and notate musical ideas and relate them to film music Lesson 5: To play a sequence of musical ideas to convey emotion
Lesson 5: To perform action songs to a small audience.					
Musical Stories:	Timbre and Rhythmic Patterns (Theme: Fairytales)	Dynamics, timbre, tempo and motifs (Theme: Space)	Pentatonic melodies and composition:	Compositions and Colour:	Theme and Variations (Theme: Pop Art):
Lesson 1: To listen to the lyrics and melody: "Teddy Bear's Picnic" by John Walter Bratton and Jimmy Kennedy and recall part of the story.	Lesson 1: To use voices expressively to speak and chant well-known phrases from fairy tales.	Lesson 1: To create a simple soundscape for effect.	Lesson 1: To learn about the music used to celebrate festivals.	Lesson 1: To understand that music can be represented with colours	Lesson 1: To explore the musical concept of theme and variations
To move to music with instruction, changing movements to match the tempo, pitch or dynamic of the	Lesson 2: To select suitable instrumental sounds to represent a	Lesson 2: To listen for and recognise some basic elements of music.	Lesson 2: To play a pentatonic melody on a tuned percussion instrument.	Lesson 2: To represent a piece of music as a graphic score	Lesson 2: To compare and contrast different variations in the piece 'The Young Person's Guide
piece. To talk about how a piece of music makes you feel	character in a fairy tale. Lesson 3: To compose and play a rhythm.	Lesson 3: To compare two pieces of music by Gustav Holst. Lesson 4: To create a musical motif to represent a planet.	Lesson 3: To write and perform a pentatonic melody.	Lesson 3: To create a vocal composition based on a picture Lesson 4: To create a piece of music inspired by a single colour	to the Orchestra' Lesson 3: To use complex rhythms to be able to perform a theme

Lesson 2: To use actions to retell a story to music To sing and perform a group song Lesson 3: To learn how instruments	Lesson 4: To recognise how timbre is used to represent characters in a piece of music. Lesson 5: To keep the pulse using	Lesson 5: To create short sequences of sound and perform with accuracy.	Lesson 4: To perform a group composition. Lesson 5: To perform a piece of music as a group.	Lesson 5: To work as a group to perform a piece of music	Lesson 4: To play TIKI-TIKI, TI-TIKI and TIKI-TI rhythms in 3/4 time Lesson 5: To use music notation
can represent a certain mood, character or action To experiment with the sounds of different instruments	untuned instruments.				to create visual representations of TIKI-TIKI, TI-TIKI and TIKI-TI rhythms.
Lesson 4: To create a musical story based upon a familiar routine To use instruments to represent moods or actions To play an instrument as part of a group story					
Lesson 5: To create a musical story based upon a familiar routine To use movement to express moods or actions within a musical story To play an instrument as part of a musical story and perform as a group					
Transport:	Pitch and Tempo (Theme: Superheroes):	British Seaside Sounds:	Jazz:	Looping and Remixing:	Composing and Performing a Leaver's Song:
Lesson 1: To explore creating sound effects.	Lesson 1: To understand the concept of pitch using audio clips,	Lesson 1: To learn about the British Isles through folk music and use music to create seaside sounds.	Lesson 1: To sing and clap a syncopated rhythm	Lesson 1: To be able to play a simple looped rhythm from notation	Lesson 1: To listen to and describe music
Lesson 2: To explore making sounds at different speeds.	instruments and voices. Lesson 2: To create a pattern using	Lesson 2: To identify sounds specific for the countryside and create a	Lesson 2: To improvise a call and response.	Lesson 2: To create a piece of music using pre-written loops	Lesson 2: To write lyrics for a song
Lesson 3: To explore moving to different tempos.	two pitches. Lesson 3: To understand the concept	related soundscape. Lesson 3: To engage with city themes	Lesson 3: To be able to sing using the call and response format.	Lesson 3: To be able to play a melody line accurately and fluently	Lesson 3: To organise lyrics into a song structure
Lesson 4: To interpret symbols to show a change in speed.	of tempo using audio clips and instruments.	through song, soundscape creation, and music analysis.	Lesson 4: To create a jazz motif. Lesson 5: To adapt a familiar tune	Lesson 4: To select a section of a tune and perform it as a loop	Lesson 4: To use vocal improvisation and known melodies against a backing track
Lesson 5: To interpret a simple score to show tempo changes.	Lesson 4: To create a superhero theme tune using changes in tempo and pitch.	Lesson 4: To create and perform music compositions inspired by the seaside, countryside, or city.	using jazz rhythms.	Lesson 5: To combine loops to create a remix	Lesson 5: To compose a verse melody
	Lesson 5: To perform a piece of superhero music using previous learning.	Lesson 5: To compose and perform a musical piece representing a journey through Britain.			
Big Band:	Vocal and Body Sounds (Theme: By the Sea):	Myths and Legends:	Instruments and improvisation):	Musical Scenes:	Baroque:
Lesson 1: To discuss what makes a musical instrument	Lesson 1: To understand that music can be used to represent an environment.	Lesson 1: To create a rhythm based on a phrase from a story.	Lesson 1: To form an opinion of music.	Lesson 1: To understand the history of musicals	Lesson 1: To understand the importance of Monteverdi in the history of opera.

To use recyclable materials to create		Lesson 2: To show structure on a	Lesson 2: To be able to improvise	Lesson 2: To identify character	Lesson 2: To read and play a
a simple representation of a musical	Lesson 2: To understand how music	graphic score.	using given notes.	songs and action songs	canon from staff notation.
instrument	can represent changes in an				
	environment.	Lesson 3: To write a graphic score to	Lesson 3: To be able to improvise	Lesson 3: To create a musical	Lesson 3: To demonstrate an
Lesson 2: To learn what an orchestra		show texture.	using given notes.	scene	understanding of Baroque music
is	Lesson 3: To select instruments that				features when composing.
To learn about the four different	match seaside sounds.	Lesson 4: To compose a piece of	Lesson 4: To create a piece of	Lesson 4: To rehearse a musical	
groups of musical instruments		music with a given structure.	music	scene	Lesson 4: To combine knowledge
	Lesson 4: To recognise and use	_			of staff notation and aural
Lesson 3: To copy and follow a beat	dynamics and tempo.	Lesson 5: To perform a group	Lesson 5: To perform a piece of	Lesson 5: To perform a musical	awareness to play a fugue.
To follow a beat using an untuned		composition.	music using musical notation.	scene	
instrument	Lesson 5: To write music down and				Lesson 5: To apply their
	perform from a graphic score.				understanding of fugue structure
Lesson 4: To experiment with playing					when performing with others.
tuned and untuned instruments					, ,
To play in time to familiar songs					
Lesson 5: To choose appropriate					
instruments to represent different					
parts of a song.					
To perform a practised song to a					
small audience.					
omat dadionos.					